

Date: 10.02.2022

To
National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra(E),
Mumbai -400051
NSE Symbol- DATAPATTNS

To
BSE Limited
25th Floor, P.J. Towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai- 400 001
Company Code: 543428

Sub: Newspaper edition of un-audited quarterly Financial Results

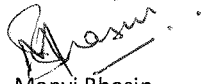
Dear Sir/Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed Copies of Newspaper Advertisement regarding unaudited Financial Statements of the Company for the quarter ended 31st December, 2021 published on 10th February, 2022.

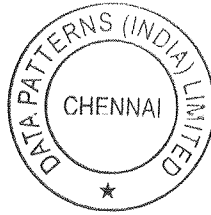
We request you to kindly take the note of the same and oblige.

Thanking You.

For **Data Patterns (India) Limited**



Manvi Bhasin
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer



Encl as above

Lower potash use may take 'shine' off fruits, vegetables

Move unlikely to affect crop yield, say agri-scientists

PRABHUJITTA MISHRA

Import of fertilisers (in lakh tonnes)

Year	Urea	DAP	MOP
2019-20	91.2	48.7	36.7
2020-21	98.3	48.8	42.3
2021-22*	59.6	40.1	17.4

*As per Ministry estimates

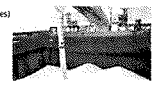
jumped to a record 308.65 mt and that of horticulture production to 310.05 mt during 2020-21 crop year (July-June). Incidentally, sales of fertilisers were at a record 67 mt and imports hit an all-time high of about 20 mt in 2020-21.

Asked if the lower application will affect exportable fruits and vegetables, he said the exporters are aware about the implications (of overuse) and they will make sure of judicious use from the current availability of potash.

Decline in Imports

There has been a major cut in import of potash (K) fertiliser and the world market is entirely dependent on overseas supply and the industry is not ready to bring in more quantity than what they can sell due to fixed subsidy, unlike in phosphorus (P) in which government support was increased twice this fiscal, industry sources said.

The import of potash was



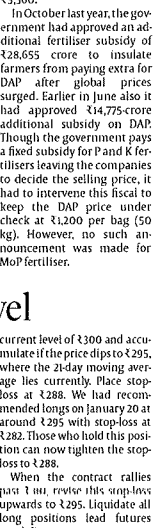
Higher potash use may take 'shine' off fruits, vegetables

to 51,000/tonne in November last year from about \$400 in April. DAP prices also moved to about \$700/tonne in September from about \$445 in June.

While potash is largely used in horticulture and plantation crops, urea and DAP are applied in all crops. The maximum retail price (MRP) of a 45-kg bag of urea is ₹242 and that of a 50-kg bag is ₹268, all prices exclusive of charges towards neem coating and taxes as applicable. The Centre has not changed the MRP of urea since 2012, when it was increased by ₹50/tonne to ₹2,360.

In October last year, the government had approved an additional fertilizer subsidy of ₹28,655 crore to insulate farmers from paying extra for DAP after global prices surged. Earlier in June also it had approved ₹14,755 crore additional subsidy on DAP. Through the government, such a fixed subsidy for P and K fertilisers leaving the companies to decide the selling price, it had to intervene this year to keep the DAP price under check at ₹2,200 per bag (50 kg).

Higher prices: Prices of Mop were around \$280/tonne (CIF) in India during June last year, but went up to \$445 by September and further to about \$600 in December. Urea prices, too, went up



Current level of ₹2,200 and accumulate if the price dips to ₹295, where the 21-day moving average lies currently. Place stop-loss at ₹288. Those who hold this position can now tighten the stop-loss to ₹288.

When the contract rallies further, traders can consider going upwards to ₹295. Liquidate all long positions lead futures touch ₹325.

Ask Chatur Singh!

But how can you know if his broker is a genuine one or a dabba trader?

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Plantation sector calls for creation of voluntary carbon trading market

Need for institutional mechanism in country's carbon trade: Experts

OUR BUREAU
By Shubhankar
Reeling under the impact of changing climatic patterns and volatile price trends, the plantation sector on Tuesday made a pitch for the government for creation of a voluntary carbon market in the country. The government should encourage growers can monetise the carbon sequestration potentials of their estates growing crops like rubber, coffee, rubber and spice among others.

A seminar organised by the Indian Institute of Plantation Management Bengaluru in collaboration with the United Planters' Association of South India (UPASI) and the Indian Rubber Growers' Association (IRGA) on Tuesday, the holders of the plantation sector deliberated on the opportunities for tapping the carbon market potential for the sector.

The adverse impact of climate change has increased the uncertainty of yields in the plantation crops

Need for policy push: MP Chieran, President, UPASI, stressed on the need for a policy push that will allow agri-plantations to trade in sequestered carbon. It is time that government of India creates a clear structure and mechanism for establishment of a voluntary carbon trading market in the country," Chieran said.

Further, commenting on the issue of carbon trading, Raha said there was a need to institutionalise a vehicle that could connect the tea sector to the carbon market. He called upon the experts to explore what role the industry associations such as UPASI and IRGA could play within the framework that's existing within the government rules to take this forward.

Sanjay Kumar, Executive Director, Harrison's Malayalam Ltd in his keynote address also stressed on the need to have an institutional mechanism for carbon trade in the country.

"We need to develop a very strong voluntary carbon trading market in the country, where by people will be able to trade carbon credits and get the money for the carbon which they are sequestering and at the same time industries can buy these credit and go ahead to meet their commitments," Kumar said adding that such a thing represents a fine balance between development and conservation.

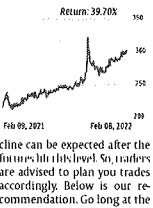
Kumar further said it is highly important to bring down the emissions as we have taken a target of reducing the emissions by 45 per cent by 2030.

VG Dhankumar, Director, IIPM said his institute would come up with white paper on the carbon market potential in the agri-plantation sector that would be submitted to the Ministry of New and Renewable Energy and the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare for further action.

Go long on MCX zinc at current level

close above ₹300 making the case stronger for the bulls, who already are well-positioned to lift the price of zinc futures.

At long as the contract remains above ₹290, the short-term trend will be bullish. From the current levels, the contract is likely to retest the prior high of ₹326 in mid-October last year. But whether the contract can touch beyond this level needs to be closely monitored as this is a strong hurdle. At least a corrective de-



Current level of ₹300 and accumulate if the price dips to ₹295, where the 21-day moving average lies currently. Place stop-loss at ₹288. Those who hold this position can now tighten the stop-loss to ₹288.

WORLD PULSES DAY

Time to raise output, boost consumption

COMMENTARY

G CHANDRASHEKHAR

The United Nations has declared February 10 as the World Pulses Day. Pulses or dal have been an integral part of India's food basket for centuries and lentils, chickpeas and peas are an essential staple in our daily food plate. We eat dal-roti (dal with wheat bread) or dal-chawal (dal with rice), a well-entrenched food habit.

India is the world's largest producer of pulses, and importer and consumer of pulses. No wonder, India holds a dominant position in the global pulses market and every move here is closely watched.

India's Green Revolution of the 1960s changed the face of agriculture with a remarkable rise in production of fine cereals — rice and wheat. Now, it's time to focus on pulses and oilseeds as they were bypassed earlier.

Pulses deserve policy, research and investment support that fine cereals have attracted over the past. In recent years, with the government paying greater attention to enhance pulses production, the results are encouraging. India's output has touched a new high of 25 million tonne (mt) from about 15-16 mt five years ago. Again, from a peak of 6.6 mt four years ago, India's pulses import has declined to around 2.5 mt a year now.



will help improve soil health and consume less water. The processing industry with several thousand dal mills across the country, mostly small and without state-of-the-art equipment, deserve special attention for modernisation. A government-supported Dal Mill Modernisation Fund will help upgrade and infuse more efficiency. A modernised processing sector will have the potential to attract foreign direct investment (FDI).

Focus on consumption
While our policy focus has been more on pulses output, it is time to pay greater attention to its consumption. Despite being the world's largest producer, our per capita availability is low even as per nutritional standards recommended by health experts.

Iron deficiency and protein deficiency burts our economy in terms of higher healthcare costs and low labour productivity, we can address them by boosting pulses consumption, especially among the vulnerable sections of the society. Like rice and wheat, pulses should be distributed under welfare programs, such as NFSA and TPDs.

Importantly, pulses are the most economical vegetable protein. Pulses produce a perfect mix of biological value when used with cereals. So, there is a strong case not only to increase production, but also to boost consumption.

The author is a policy commentator and agrigrowth specialist, closely associated with Global Pulse Confederation. Views are personal

Centre asks States to enforce stock limit order on edible oils

OUR BUREAU
New Delhi, February 9
The Centre on Wednesday asked States to implement the stock limit order on edible oils and oilseeds without causing any disruption in the supply chain and impacting the trade.

At a meeting, held by the Department of Food and Public Distribution, the Centre told the states to enforce the maximum stocking quantity "without causing any disruption in the supply chain and also any undue hardship to bona-fide trade," said an official statement.

The Food Ministry, on February 8, notified the order imposing stock limit on edible oils and oilseeds making it mandatory for States to implement it. The Centre also extended the validity of the stock limits until June 30, which was to expire on March 31.

The stock limit is expected to curtail all unfair practices like hoarding and black marketing that may lead to any increase in the prices of edible oils, the Food Ministry said.

March 4 deadline
The Centre has asked the retailers, wholesalers and processors to conform to the quantitative limits by March 4.

Exporters and importers have been kept outside the purview of the stock limit order with some caveats, the ministry added.

DATA PATTERNS
DATA PATTERNS (INDIA) LIMITED
Registered Office: Plot H9, Fourth Main Road, SIPCOT IT Park, Siruseri, Chennai 603103, Tamil Nadu, India.
CIN: L72200TN1998PL061236

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 31*

(Rs in Crores except EPS)

Sl. No.	PARTICULARS	Quarter Ended		Nine months ended		Year Ended Audited
		December 31, 2021	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020	
I	Revenue from Operations	43.84	52.24	22.41	140.31	66.88
II	Other Income	0.70	0.55	0.54	1.38	1.89
III	Total Income (IV)	44.54	52.79	22.95	141.69	68.77
IV	Expenses:					
a)	Cost of materials consumed	12.78	18.25	8.50	38.09	35.53
b)	Changes in inventories of work-in progress and finished goods	(7.43)	(8.77)	(8.57)	(12.60)	(15.18)
c)	Employee benefits expenses	17.65	14.48	13.28	45.18	34.91
d)	Finance cost	2.65	2.87	3.88	7.48	11.31
e)	Depreciation & Amortization	3.73	1.55	1.47	4.75	4.21
f)	Other expenses	5.87	6.24	3.73	15.30	7.14
g)	Total Expenses (IV)	32.83	42.66	27.27	99.07	78.92
V	Profit before exceptional items and Tax (III-IV)	11.91	17.13	(4.32)	42.62	(10.15)
VI	Exceptional items	-	-	-	-	-
VII	Profit / (Loss) before tax (V+VI)	11.91	17.13	(4.32)	42.62	(10.15)
VIII	Tax expense (including deferred tax)	2.95	4.23	0.08	10.46	2.24
IX	Profit / (Loss) for the period (VIII-IX)	8.96	12.90	(4.40)	32.16	(10.39)
X	Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) (not of tax)	0.04	0.04	(0.24)	0.12	(0.21)
XI	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period (IX+X)	9.00	12.94	(4.64)	32.28	(11.61)
XII	Paid up equity share capital (Face value of ₹ 2 each)	10.38	9.55	1.70	10.38	1.70
XIII	Other Equity	-	-	-	-	-
XIV	Earnings per equity share (EPS) of face value of ₹ 2 each*	1.91	2.76	(0.91)	5.85	(2.22)

- *EPS is not audited for the quarter and nine months ended period.
- The above unaudited financial results for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2021 of Data Patterns (India) Limited ("the Company") have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on February 08, 2022 in terms of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Statutory Auditor of the Company has carried out Limited Review of the aforesaid results.
 - These unaudited financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards 34 — Interim Financial Reporting ("Ind AS 34") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.
 - The Group operates only in one business segment i.e., manufacture, sale and service of defence electronics, and hence does not have any reportable segment as per Indian Accounting Standard 100 "operating segments".
 - The Company has completed Initial Public Offering (IPO) of its equity shares, comprising a fresh issue of 41,02,584 equity shares and offer for sale of 59,52,250 equity shares by the existing selling shareholders at an offer price of ₹. 585 per equity share. Pursuant to the IPO, the equity shares were allotted on December 22, 2021 and listed on the BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited on December 24, 2021. Accordingly, the following unaudited financial results for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2021 are drawn up for the first time in accordance with the Listing requirements.
 - In view of the Government of India's Order under the Disaster Management Act, 2005 to implement complete lock down in all parts of India from time to time to contain spread of COVID-19 virus, the operations of the company were shut down. Though this has impacted the normal operations of the Company by way of interruption in production, supply chain disruption and unavailability of personnel, there has been no material impact on the financial performance of the Company for the quarter and nine months ended 31st December 2021. Temporary impact was made good in subsequent quarters.
 - The extent of the impact of COVID 19 on the future operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments including the duration and spread of the outbreak, the future impact on employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. As the impact of COVID-19, if any, on the future operational and financial performance of the company may be different from management estimates in this regard, the company will continue to closely monitor any changes as they emerge.
 - The figures for quarter ended December 31, 2021 are arrived as balancing figures between unaudited figures for nine months ended December 31, 2021 and audited figures for six months ended September 30, 2021. The figures for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 are arrived as balancing figures between audited figures for six months ended September 30, 2021 and unaudited figures for three months ended June 30, 2021.
 - The financial results for the corresponding quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2020 and for the quarter ended September 30, 2021 have not been subject to an audit or review by the statutory auditors.
- Place : Chennai
Date : February 08, 2022
- For and on behalf of the Board
DATA PATTERNS (INDIA) LIMITED
Srinivasagopal Rangarajan
Chairman and Managing Director
DIN : 00843458



சென்னைவிலுள்ள இந்திய - ரஷ்ய தொழில், வர்த்தக சபையுடன் ரஷ்யாவின் 'மிரிமோல்க்' தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்

சென்னை, பி.பி. 10- சென்னைவிலுள்ள இந்திய - ரஷ்ய தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்... வர்த்தக சபையுடன் ரஷ்யாவின் 'மிரிமோல்க்' தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்...

சுந்தரம் வயனான்ஸ் நிறுவனம் ரூ. 605 கோடி வாயம்; கடன் வழங்கியதும் அதிகரிப்பு; 100% டிவிடென்ட்

எதிரிகூட்டிய துணை சேர்மன் ஹர்ஷ விதி, நிர்வாக இயக்குனர் ராஜீவ் லோசன் தகவல்



சென்னை, பி.பி. 10- சுந்தரம் வயனான்ஸ் நிறுவனம் ரூ. 605 கோடி வாயம்; கடன் வழங்கியதும் அதிகரிப்பு; 100% டிவிடென்ட்... எதிரிகூட்டிய துணை சேர்மன் ஹர்ஷ விதி, நிர்வாக இயக்குனர் ராஜீவ் லோசன் தகவல்...

இருள் அறியாமல் சுந்தரம் வாயம்... இதுவும் துணை சேர்மன் ஹர்ஷ விதி, நிர்வாக இயக்குனர் ராஜீவ் லோசன் தகவல்...

டாலர்மியா ரீபராக்டர்ஸ் லிமிடெட்

Table with financial data for Dollar Myra Re-Products Limited, including quarterly and annual figures for 2021.

GRO யு குறைவே விதிக்க

சென்னை, பி.பி. 10- சென்னைவிலுள்ள இந்திய - ரஷ்ய தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்... வர்த்தக சபையுடன் ரஷ்யாவின் 'மிரிமோல்க்' தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்...

DATA PATTERNS

DATA PATTERNS (INDIA) LIMITED... REGISTERED OFFICE: PLOT H9, FOURTH MAIN ROAD, SIPCOT IT PARK, SIRURU, CHENNAI 603103, TAMIL NADU, INDIA.

Financial statement table for Data Patterns (India) Limited, showing quarterly and annual financial results for 2021.

விவகார சான்றிதழ் சீர்திருத்தம்

சென்னை, பி.பி. 10- சென்னைவிலுள்ள இந்திய - ரஷ்ய தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்... வர்த்தக சபையுடன் ரஷ்யாவின் 'மிரிமோல்க்' தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்...

வெல்க்

சென்னை, பி.பி. 10- சென்னைவிலுள்ள இந்திய - ரஷ்ய தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்... வர்த்தக சபையுடன் ரஷ்யாவின் 'மிரிமோல்க்' தொழில், வணிக அமைப்பு புரிந்துணர்வு ஒப்பந்தம்...

Table with financial data, possibly related to the 'வெல்க்' section, showing quarterly and annual figures.

For and on behalf of the Board DATA PATTERNS (INDIA) LIMITED... Srinivasgopalang Rangarajan, Chairman and Managing Director.